

WORK BOOK

READING COMPREHENSION

A dictionary is a book which explains the meanings of words and expressions. You can find words easily because dictionaries put them in alphabetical order. The word 'dictionary' comes from the Latin 'dictio' ('saying').

یک فرهنگ لغت کتابی است که توضیح می دهد معانی کلمات و اصطلاحات را. شما می توانید پیدا کنید کلمات را به راحتی زیرا فرهنگ لغت ها قرار داده اند آنها را به ترتیب حروف الفبا. کلمه "dictionary" می آید از کلمه لاتین "dictio" [به معنی] ("گفتن").

There are several types of dictionaries. Dictionaries which explain words and how they are used; dictionaries which translate words from one language to another; dictionaries of biography which tell about famous people; and technical dictionaries which explain the meanings of technical words.

چندین نوع فرهنگ لغت وجود دارند. فرهنگ لغت هایی که توضیح می دهند کلمات و نحوه استفاده از آنها را؛ فرهنگ لغت هایی که ترجمه می کنند کلمات را از یک زبان به زبان دیگر؛ فرهنگ لغت های زندگی نامه که حرف می زنند در مورد افراد مشهور؛ و فرهنگ لغت های فنی که توضیح می دهند معانی کلمات فنی را.

Dictionaries which explain what words mean give a clear 'definition' of them. A good dictionary also gives more information about words. For instance, it explains how they are pronounced. Usually the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) is used for this purpose.

فرهنگ لغت هایی که توضیح می دهند معنی کلمات را، ارائه می کنند "تعریف" واضحی از آنها را. یک فرهنگ لغت خوب همچنین می دهد اطلاعات بیشتری در مورد کلمات. به عنوان مثال، آن توضیح می دهد که چگونه تلفظ می شوند. معمولاً استفاده می شود از الفبای آوایی بین المللی (IPA) برای این منظور.

There are also dictionaries which translate words into other languages. Very often one volume translates both ways; for example, half of the book is from English to Persian and the other half from Persian to English.

همچنین فرهنگ لغت هایی وجود دارند که ترجمه می کنند کلمات را به زبان های دیگر. خیلی وقت ها یک جلد ترجمه می کند هر دو سبک را. به عنوان مثال، نیمی از کتاب از انگلیسی به فارسی است و نیمی دیگر از فارسی به انگلیسی.

When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning.

هنگامی که استفاده می کنید از فرهنگ لغت به منظور فهمیدن نحوه گفتن چیزی به زبان دیگر، یک نفر باید دقت کند تا انتخاب کند معنی درست را.

A word like 'right' has several meanings in English, for example, 'correct' and 'the opposite of left'. A word like 'present' may be used as an adjective, meaning 'not absent', as a noun, meaning 'gift' or as a verb, meaning 'give'. Words with different meanings exist in other languages, too. A good dictionary lists all the meanings of words to help people find the meaning that they look for.

کلمه ای مانند "right" در انگلیسی معانی مختلفی دارد، به عنوان مثال، "درست" و "مخالف سمت چپ". کلمه ای مانند "present" ممکن است به عنوان صفت استفاده شود، به معنای "غایب نیست"، به عنوان یک اسم، به معنای "هدیه" یا به عنوان یک فعل به معنای "ارائه دادن". کلمات با معانی متفاوت در زبان ها دیگر نیز وجود دارند. یک فرهنگ لغت خوب فهرست می کند تمام معانی کلمات را به منظور اینکه به افراد کمک کند تا پیدا کنند معنی ای را که به دنبال آن هستند.

A complete dictionary also tells you about the origin of words and the story behind them. For example, the words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar' and 'paradise' entered English from Persian.

یک فرهنگ لغت کامل همچنین می گوید به شما در مورد منشأ کلمات و داستان پشت آنها را. به عنوان مثال، کلماتی مانند "pajamas" (پیژامه)، "bazaar" (بازار) و "paradise" (بهشت) از فارسی وارد انگلیسی شده اند.

تاریخ
Dictionary

Defining -> معنی نرین

Monolingual: 1 3 4

Bilingual: 2

density
d = m/v
mass
volume
میزان
مد

Vol 1 Vol 2 Vol 3

جلد

تکامل
تاریخی
نبوده
405
اصناف

ارائه دادن -> دافتر



درک مطلب کوتاه: گزینه درست را انتخاب کنید.

1. When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning. (خرداد ۱۴۰۳)

- a. Each word has only one meaning in different dictionaries.
- b. There are different meanings for a word in a dictionary.
- c. Dictionaries rarely provide the right meaning of words.
- d. We use other languages to understand a dictionary.

جملات زیر را بخوانید و با توجه به مفهوم، بهترین گزینه را انتخاب کنید. (ماز-۱۴۰۴)

2. A complete dictionary also tells you about the origin of words and the story behind them. For example, the words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar' and 'paradise' entered English from Persian." In other words, -----.

- a. a complete dictionary does not provide information about the origin of the words.
- b. words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar', and 'paradise' came from Arabic to English.
- c. a complete dictionary tells you the history of words.
- d. the word 'paradise' does not have an origin.

SPOTLIGHT ON VOCABULARY:

لغات کلیدی ای که قبل از خواندن این بخش باید بلد باشید:

scavenger	لاشه خوار	bite	گاز	commercial	تجاری
wingless	بدون بال	grow	پرورش دادن	scale	مقیاس
reproduce	زاد و ولد کردن	huge	بسیار بزرگ	lack of	کمبود
lie	دراز کشیدن	generate	تولید کردن	drought	خشکسالی

lie/lay/lain

A. Look at the examples below. Find the one which has a correct format of a paragraph.

Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, gardens, etc. They live in anthills. Ants are very hardworking insects. Throughout the summer, they collect food for the winter season. Whenever they find a sweet lying on the floor they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home. Thus, in this way, they clean the floor. Ants are generally red and black in color. They have two eyes and six legs. They are social insects. They live in groups or colonies. Most ants are scavengers. They collect whatever food they can find. They are usually wingless but they develop wings when they reproduce. Their bites are quite painful.

- ① quit ترک کردن
- ② quiet ساکت
- ③ quite کاملاً

مورچه ها یافت می شوند در همه جای دنیا. آنها می سازند خانه هایشان را در ساختمان ها، باغ ها و غیره. آنها زندگی می کنند. در تپه مورچه ای ها (خانه مورچه ای). مورچه ها حشرات بسیار سخت کوشی هستند. سرتاسر تابستان، آنها جمع آوری می کنند غذا برای فصل زمستان. هر زمان که آنها پیدا می کنند یک شیرینی که روی زمین افتاده آنها به شیرینی می چسبند و آن را می برند به خانه شان. بنابراین، به این ترتیب، تمیز می کنند کف زمین را. مورچه ها به طور کلی به رنگ قرمز و مشکی هستند. آنها دو چشم و شش پا دارند. آنها حشرات اجتماعی هستند. آنها زندگی می کنند به صورت گروهی یا مستعمره ای. بیشتر مورچه ها لاشه خوار هستند. آنها جمع می کنند هر آنچه غذایی را که پیدا کنند. آنها معمولاً بدون بال هستند اما آنها بال در می آورند وقتی آنها تولید مثل می کنند. گاز (گرفتن) آنها خیلی دردناک است.





درک مطلب کوتاه: گزینه درست را انتخاب کنید.

1. Ants are very hardworking insects. Throughout the summer, they collect food for the winter season. Whenever they find a sweet lying on the floor, they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home.

(شهریور ۱۴۰۲)

- a. Ants carry sweet to their home all seasons. ✗
 ✓ b. In summer, ants work hard to collect food for winter. ✓
 c. Ants collect food in winter to eat in summer. ✗
 d. When ants work hard in winter, they find sweet in summer. ✗

جملات زیر را بخوانید و با توجه به مفهوم بهترین گزینه را انتخاب کنید. (ماز - ۱۴۰۳)

2. They live in groups or colonies. Most ants are scavengers. They collect whatever food they can find. They are usually wingless but they develop wings when they reproduce. Their bites are quite painful. We can understand.....

- a. most ants are ~~hunters~~ and do not share food like scavengers.
 b. ants live alone and do not form groups with others. ✗
 c. ants have wings when they are born. ✗
 ✓ d. ants are usually wingless but grow wings to reproduce.

D. Read the following paragraph. Find the topic sentence and underline the idea or explanation about the topic.

Water is the most essential element in our life. (We cannot think of life without water. We need water to drink, to wash our bodies and clothes, to cook our food and to grow crops, vegetables and fruits. Water is also essential for animals, birds, insects, etc. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale. Nearly 70 percent of our body is water. No living being can exist for long without water, the most valuable liquid. We use oceans, seas, rivers and lakes as waterways to carry goods, passengers, etc. Lack of rain causes droughts. Thus, water is very important to our life and our planet.

آب ضروری ترین عنصر در زندگی ماست. ما نمی توانیم فکر کنیم به زندگی بدون آب. ما نیاز داریم به آب برای نوشیدن، برای شستن بدنمان و لباس ها، برای پختن غذا و پرورش محصولات کشاورزی، سبزیجات و میوه ها. آب همچنین ضروری است برای حیوانات، پرندگان، حشرات و غیره. ما نیاز داریم به منابع عظیم آب برای تولید برق در مقیاس بزرگ و تجاری. نزدیک به ۷۰ درصد بدن ما آب است. هیچ موجود زنده ای نمی تواند زندگی کند برای مدت طولانی بدون آب، با ارزش ترین مایع. ما استفاده می کنیم از اقیانوس ها، دریاها، رودخانه ها و دریاچه ها به عنوان آبراه ها (راه های آبی) برای حمل کالا ها، مسافران و غیره. کمبود باران باعث خشکسالی می شود. بنابراین، آب بسیار برای زندگی و سیاره ما مهم است.

درک مطلب کوتاه: گزینه درست را انتخاب کنید.

- 1) Water is the most essential element in our life. We need huge resources of water to generate electricity on a large and commercial scale.

- a) Electricity can generate the most essential element in our life. ✗
 b) Water is a huge resource for generating elements on commercial scale. ✗
 ✓ c) Water is essential just for generating electricity on large scale. ✗
 ✓ d) Electricity can be generated from huge resources of water.



SPOTLIGHT ON VOCABULARY:

لغات کلیدی ای که قبل از خواندن این بخش باید بلد باشید:

imaginary	خیالی	as far as	تا جایی که	emergency	اضطراری
but	به جز	trouble	زحمت، دردسر	in need	محتاج
certainly	قطعاً	secret	راز	indeed	حقیقی

except

surely-absolutely

*to get into trouble
به دردسر افتادن*

LISTENING & SPEAKING

Talking about Imaginary Situations

A. We use 'conditional type II' to talk about imaginary situations.

- Oh look! It is **raining so heavily**.
- What **would you do if it weren't** raining?
- Hmm... if it **were** sunny, I **would go** to the park. I am really **bored**.
- We can play one of our thinking games, **instead**.
- We **could play** 'Smart Kid' **if** Sina **were** home.
- This one is also fun. **Let's try it, shall we?**

he/she/it/I
~~was~~
were

Conversation 1

Zohreh: This weekend is my birthday. I have invited everyone **but** Mina.

زهره: آخر این هفته تولدم است. من همه را دعوت کرده ام **جز** مینا.

Maryam: Why not? **If I were** you, I **would certainly** invite her. **As far as I know**, you **were close friends** at school.

مریم: چرا دعوت نکردی؟ اگر جای تو بودم، حتماً دعوتش میکردم. تا جایی که می دانم، شما دوستان صمیمی ای در مدرسه بودید.

Zohreh: Yes. But she has moved to another **neighborhood**. **If I had** her address, I **would invite** her.

زهره: بله. اما او نقل مکان کرده است به محله دیگری. اگر آدرسش را داشتیم، دعوتش میکردم.

Maryam: What a pity! **If I knew** that sooner, I **could help** you.

مریم: چه حیف! اگر این (موضوع) را میدانستم زودتر، می توانستم کمکت کنم.

Zohreh: How?

زهره: چطوری؟

Maryam: I could check it with my sister. She is her mother's friend.

مریم: میتوانستم (موضوع) را با خواهرم در میان بگذارم.

Zohreh: Can you **call** her now?

زهره: آیا می توانی الان به او تلفن بزنی؟

Maryam: **Unfortunately**, she is not available till next Wednesday, sorry.

مریم: متأسفانه، تا چهارشنبه آینده در دسترس نیست، متأسفم.

Where does Mina live?

مینا کجا زندگی می کند؟

✓ **She lives in another neighborhood.**

2. Why hasn't Zohreh invited Mina yet?

چرا زهره هنوز مینا را دعوت نکرده است؟

✓ **Because she doesn't have her new address.**



Conversation 2

Bijan: Are you okay?

بیژن: خوبی؟

Mehran: I'm thinking about something.

مهراّن: دارم راجع به موضوعی فکر میکنم.

Bijan: What's wrong?

بیژن: مشکل چیست؟

Mehran: I have saved some money to buy a new mobile phone, but one of my friends is in trouble and needs some money. What would you do if you were in my shoes?

مهراّن: مقداری پول جمع کرده ام تا یک تلفن همراه جدید بخرم، اما یکی از دوستانم به دردسر افتاده و به پول نیاز دارد. چکار میکردی اگر به جای من بودی؟

Bijan: What is his problem?

بیژن: چه مشکلی دارد؟

Mehran: I could tell you about it, if it weren't a secret. But it's an emergency.

مهراّن: می توانستم به تو بگویم اگر یک راز نبود. اما یک موقعیت اضطراری است.

Bijan: Ok. If I were you, I would give him the money. A friend in need is a friend indeed.

بیژن: باشه. اگر جای تو بودم، پول را به او میدادم. دوست آن باشد که گیرد دست دوست در پریشان حالی و درماندگی.

1. What does Bijan want to buy?

بیژن می خواهد چه چیزی بخرد؟

✓ He wants to buy a new mobile phone.

2. Did Bijan tell Mehran about the problem? Why not?

آیا بیژن به مهراّن درباره ی مشکل حرفی زد؟ چرا نزد؟

✓ No, he did not. Because it was a secret.

What you learned

Sometimes it is fun to think about things that would never happen. We can ask ourselves questions that don't have any real answers. For instance, we can think: what would I do, if I had a time machine to travel with right now? Some people may say: I would visit the past, if I had that machine. Or I would visit the future to see the world and people of the future. Maybe you have thought about this: What would I do if I had this ability to talk to animals? What would I say? Some people would prefer to talk with cats or birds, but some would not like the idea. They would feel frightened!

ترجمه:

گاهی اوقات جالب است به چیزهایی فکر کنید که هرگز اتفاق نخواهند افتاد. می توانیم از خودمان سوال هایی بپرسیم که پاسخ واقعی ندارند. برای مثال، چکار میکردم اگر هم اکنون یک ماشین زمان داشتم تا با آن سفر کنم؟ بعضی از مردم شاید بگویند: گذشته را می دیدم اگر آن ماشین زمان را داشتم. یا از آینده دیدار میکردم تا ملاقات کنم دنیا و مردم آینده را. شاید به این موضوع فکر کرده باشید: چکار می کردم اگر این توانایی را داشتم تا حرف بزدم با حیوانات؟ به آنها چی می گفتم؟ بعضی از مردم ترجیح می دهند تا حرف بزنند با گربه ها یا پرند ها، اما بعضی ها دوست ندارند این ایده را. آنها از این موضوع می ترسند!

1. What would you do if you had a time machine now?

چکار میکردی اگر ماشین زمان داشتی؟

✓ I would travel to the future or I would travel to the past.

2. Would you live in a jungle if you were allowed to? why?

✓ No, I would not. Because I may feel frightened.

allow = let-permit ≠ forbid



سوال های شنیداری از آزمون های نهایی گذشته

دانش آموزان عزیز، به گفتگوی بین مجید و آقای ایرانمهر گوش دهید. سپس درستی یا نادرستی جمله های 1 تا 3 را مشخص کنید و برای سوالهای 4 و 5 گزینه صحیح را انتخاب نمایید. (خرداد ۱۴۰۴)

1. Majid knows how to use a dictionary. a. True b. False
2. An elementary dictionary is suitable for high school students. a. True b. False
3. Majid prefers online dictionaries to pocket dictionaries. a. True b. False
4. Mr. Iranmehr suggests using
 a. a bilingual dictionary
 b. a free online dictionary
 c. an advanced level dictionary
 d. a dictionary designed for native students
5. Based on what you heard,
 a. pocket dictionaries are usually expensive
 b. foreign students need to use advanced dictionaries
 c. there are many factors to consider when buying a dictionary
 d. monolingual dictionaries give word information in two languages

دانش آموزان عزیز، در این بخش به مکالمه گوش دهید، سپس گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید. (ماز-۱۴۰۴)

6. What did Mehran want to buy at first? He wanted to buy -----.
 a. a new car b. some clothes c. a mobile phone
7. Who was in trouble?-----
 a. Bijan b. Mehran c. Mehran's friend
8. Mehran couldn't tell him about the problem because ----- .
 a. it wasn't an emergency b. it was a secret c. he needed no money
9. Bijan believed Mehran should help because ----- .
 a. "A friend in need is a friend indeed"
 b. "No pain, no gain"
 c. "Easy come, easy go"

به فایل صوتی گوش دهید و به موارد خواسته شده پاسخ دهید. (ماز-۱۴۰۳)

❖ True or False

10. A word like 'light' has several meanings in English. a. True b. False
11. A word like 'present' may be used as an adverb. meaning 'not absent'. a. True b. False

❖ Choose the best choice.

12. Words with different meanings exist in other ----- , too.
 a. dictionaries b. languages c. stories
13. A good dictionary lists all the meanings of words to help people find the meaning that they look -----.
 a. at b. after c. for

❖ Complete the sentences.

- 14 A complete dictionary also tells you about the ----- of words and the story behind them.
15. The words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar' and ----- entered English from Persian.



دانش آموزان عزیز، به مکالمه زیر با دقت گوش دهید و جاهای خالی را با کلمه مناسب پر کنید. (خرداد ۱۴۰۳)

A: Do you have your own computer?

B: Yes, I owned a (16).....laptop when I was in university.

A: Have you ever (17).....any computer class?

B: Yes, years ago. I learned about Microsoft Word and Excel.

A: What are some advantages of using the computer?

B: With a computer connected to the Internet, we can (18)....., pay bills online.

A: Do you use other high-tech devices (19).....computers?

B: Yes, apart from a computer, I also use a (20).....

دانش آموزان عزیز، در این بخش به مکالمه بین مجید و آقای ایرانمهر گوش دهید، سپس جاهای خالی را با کلمات مناسب کامل کنید. (شهریور-۱۴۰۱)

Majid: Excuse me Mr. Iranmehr, I'd like some information about a good English dictionary.

Mr. Iranmehr: First, I (21).....a learner's dictionary.

Majid: What type do you suggest?

Mr. Iranmehr: I suppose a(22) dictionary is more suitable for you.

Majid: And what about levels?

Mr. Iranmehr: For you as a high school student, an(23).....one is OK.

Majid: Do I need a small size one?

Mr. Iranmehr: Yes, a(24)..... dictionary.

Majid: Thanks.

دانش آموزان عزیز، در این بخش به مکالمه بین بیژن و مهران گوش دهید، سپس گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید. (خرداد-۱۴۰۱)

25. What did Mehran want to buy at first? He wanted to buy

- a) a new car b) some clothes c) a mobile phone

26. Who was in trouble?.....

- a) Bijan b) Mehran c) Mehran's friend

27. Mehran couldn't tell him about the problem because

- a) it wasn't an emergency b) it was a secret c) he needed no money

28. Bijan believed Mehran should help because.....

- a) "A friend in need is a friend indeed" b) "No pain no gain" c) "Easy come, easy go"

دانش آموزان عزیز، در این بخش به مکالمه بین سوفیا و جیمز گوش دهید، سپس گزینه مناسب را انتخاب کنید. (دی-۱۴۰۱)

29. James went to the for holiday

- a) Southwest of Asia b) Northwest of Asia c) Southeast of Asia d) North east of Asia

30. James went 'Singapore for its

- a) beauty and culture b) beauty and history c) history and art d) history and culture

31. James went to Singapore by

- a) train b) airplane c) bus d) ship

32. James took the following items:

- a) clothes b) money c) a digital camera d) a dictionary

دانش آموزان عزیز، در این بخش به مکالمه ی بین مریم و سارا گوش دهید ، سپس به سوالات به شکل خواسته شده پاسخ دهید. (خرداد-۱۴۰۱)

33. What was Sara doing in the bookstore? She was looking for a.....

34. Maryam suggested a free..... dictionary and apps for PCs and phones

35. To access information about any, one should type the term into the..... box.

تمرین لغت

با توجه به تصاویر و عبارات داده شده، مکالمه ناقص زیر را کامل کنید. (یک تصویر و عبارت زیر آن اضافی است). (ماز-۱۴۰۳)

			
the symbol for	the dictionary entry	to figure out	a two-page introduction

A: Can you help me with my homework? ⁽³⁾

B: Sure! What do you need to do?

A: I need to write (1) ----- for my project.

B: That sounds interesting! Do you know what to include?

A: I'm not sure. I need (2) ----- the main topics first.

B: Why not start by looking at (3) ----- for your subject?

کلمه ناهماهنگ از نظر معنی را انتخاب کنید. (ماز-۱۴۰۳)

4. spelling b. adverb c. preposition d. adjective

5. a. effective b. useful c. helpful confusing

برای هر کلمه مشخص شده از ستون A یک تعریف از ستون B بیابید. (یک تعریف در ستون B اضافی است). (ماز-۱۴۰۴)

A	B
6. Water is a combination of hydrogen and oxygen. <i>b</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> to put things in a neat, attractive, or useful order
7. Most job interviews focus on the people's ability to communicate effectively . <i>d</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an arrangement in a particular order
8. The students arranged the chairs around the desks. <i>a</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> to stop being angry with someone \Rightarrow forgive
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in a way that is successful and achieves what you want

با استفاده از کلمات داده شده، جملات ناقص زیر را کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است). (ماز-۱۴۰۳)

(compile / **magnifying** / recommend / intermediate)

9. It takes years of hard work to **compile** a good dictionary.

10. Could you **recommend** a good restaurant near here?

11. There are three levels of difficulty in this game: easy, **intermediate** and hard.

جملات ناقص زیر را با دانش واژگانی خود کامل کنید. (اولین حرف هر کلمه مشخص شده است و خطوط تیره نشانگر تعداد حروف آن کلمه هستند).

12. What do you **suppose** you will do after school?

13. This drink doesn't **contain** any alcohol.

بزرگنمایی کردن
magnifying glass
زره‌بین

تست لغت درس دو Multiple Choice Test

1. Our new classmate wasn't very and kept things to himself.

a. incomprehensible b. primary c. general d. communicative

2. My computer crashes every time I from the Internet.

a. disconnect b. install c. arrange d. expand

3. How well the will grow depends on the quality and condition of the soil.

a. salt b. magnet c. crop d. middle ear

4. The materials I am talking about can be used **singly** or in

a. suggestion b. disconnection c. abbreviation d. combination



5. My hardworking sister had finally success.
 a. circled b. surrounded c. suffered d. achieved
6. Here are some useful on how to save money.
 a. poems b. tips c. entries d. hosts
7. The dictionary has been published several times and is a valuable of Persian language.
 a. measure b. treasure c. explanation d. community
8. This book you are reading explains how sounds are through the air.
 a. transmitted b. circled c. contained d. identified
9. The journey to the airport about half an hour.
 a. gives b. takes c. catches d. gets
10. I should say that AC is the standard for 'air conditioning'.
 a. combination b. definition c. abbreviation d. inspiration
11. The doctor said taking these drugs could seriously your health.
 a. design b. expand c. contain d. endanger
12. I can this book to anyone interested in Mexican food.
 a. confuse b. expand c. guide d. recommend
13. There were only three of us on the course, because all the other students had failed.
 a. strong b. advanced c. confused d. accidental
14. Is there a/an type of book your father enjoys?
 a. particular b. invisible c. crowded d. immediate
15. You are very skillful. You handled the situation very
 a. effectively b. alphabetically c. suddenly d. unsuccessfully
16. Is it that you have some experience of teaching?
 a. essential b. international c. single d. invisible
17. The receptionist us with a lot of useful information.
 a. achieved b. converted *to* c. provided *for with* d. accessed *to*
18. All these jobs can now be done by one machine.
 a. single b. final c. calm d. moral
19. As far as I know, student numbers are rapidly. *→ developing*
 a. recommending b. expanding c. considering d. containing
20. What should we do to protect the body from ?
 a. infection b. pronunciation c. definition d. abbreviation
21. The principal asked me to a poster for the football match at school.
 a. catch b. compile c. design d. learn
22. We need to know the time the accident happened.
 a. exact b. direct c. invisible d. intermediate



23. How could you make such a/an mistake?
- a. elementary b. original c. invisible d. bilingual
24. My brother has found a small brown bag which lots of dollar bills.
- a. contains b. pronounces c. compares d. accesses ^{to}
25. Can you write a brief to the text?
- a. treasure b. ostrich c. introduction d. vibration
26. I could him easily if I saw him again.
- a. surround b. pronounce c. suffer d. identify
27. This is a big ; we need more time to think about it.
- a. break b. design c. level d. issue = problem
28. The instructions on the box are very
- a. international b. endangered c. confusing d. final
29. It was the first book of poetry designed for children.
- a. orally b. heavily c. slowly d. primarily
30. To get that well-paid job, you should be able to read and pronounce the words clearly and, in both English and Filipino.
- a. suddenly b. correctly c. increasingly d. immediately
31. The plane the airport to burn up extra fuel.
- a. compiled b. circled c. supported d. borrowed
32. The dictionary he recommended provides clear, simple
- a. situations b. definitions c. vibrations d. infections
33. A: "Do you know what this "N" stands for?"
B: "Oh, yes. It's the for nitrogen"
- a. symbol b. formula c. process d. compound
34. We'll how to do the project when we're all together
- a. look for b. depend on c. figure out d. make up
35. The of this name in Portuguese is believed to be from an indigenous South American language.
- a. order b. device c. point d. origin